# Pikes Peak **REGIONAL** Building Department

## **ELECTRICAL PLAN REVIEW REQUIREMENTS**

#### ALL PLANS REQUIRE:

- Compliance with currently adopted IECC, NEC and ANSI 117.1
- Colorado professional engineer's stamp per RBC 106.1.3
- Scale and format per RBC106.1.1 (1/8" = 1'-0" minimum scale and 1/8" minimum lettering)
- Grid lines and column lines coinciding with architectural pages.
- Accessibility Plan this does not need to be part of the electrical drawing set. See <a href="https://www.pprbd.org/File/Resources/Downloads/Codes/Policy%20-%20Accessibility%20Plan%20-%20RBC106.1.pdf">https://www.pprbd.org/File/Resources/Downloads/Codes/Policy%20-%20Accessibility%20Plan%20-%20RBC106.1.pdf</a>
- Hardwired appliances and utilization equipment must be listed by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL).
- One-line diagram (see below for requirements)
- Panel schedules (see below for requirements)
- Floor plan (see below for requirements)

### **ONE-LINE DIAGRAM**

- Conduit/conductor size, type, and quantity, beginning at the utility transformer, to include all conductors in the chain of supply for the electrical equipment in the scope of work
- All electrical equipment in the electrical distribution system clearly labeled as New, Existing, or Future.
- Feeder schedule this is required on each one-line diagram. For schedules showing conductor sizes in CU and AL, the type of conductor (either CU or AL) must be specified for each conductor.
- Feeder and Main Breaker over current device size (ampacity) showing compliance with 215.10, 230.95 and 517.17 NEC.
- 240.87 NEC compliance including verification that the method chosen to reduce clearing time is set to operate at less than the available arcing current.
- Manufacturers list of series rated components for all series rated designs.
- Multi meter services must include a list of secondary enumerated addresses on the one-line.

### **FAULT CURRENT**

 Fault current information (SCA, SCCR, AIC) must be included, in tabular form, for all new and re-fed electrical equipment including; panel boards, switchboards, service equipment, transfer equipment, elevator control panel, fire pump control panel, industrial control panels, air conditioning and refrigeration equipment. See terms and methodologies below.

#### SERVICE SWITCHBOARD AND PANEL SCHEDULES

- All information must be supplied and verified by the engineer at the time of plan submittal.
- Disconnect and panel size.
- Volt amps for all branch circuit, feeder and service loads.
- Equipment that requires rear or side access must be identified on the equipment schedule and floor plan per 408.18(C) NEC.

#### **FLOOR PLANS**

- Footprint (site plan) showing all electrical service equipment and disconnects serving the structure.
- Location of all electrical equipment.
- Equipment that requires rear or side access must be identified on the equipment schedule and floor plan per 408.18(C) NEC.
- Panel and circuit designation on all electrical equipment (New and Relocated).
- Elevator pit and machine room detail showing all required circuits and disconnects.
- Patient care areas must show compliance with 517.13 and 517.61(C) NEC.
- Light fixture schedule including fixture type and lamp wattage.
- · Accessible units must be clearly identified.
- Dimension and partition of all meeting rooms per 210.65 NEC

#### **FAULT CURRENT TERMS AND METHODOLOGIES**

- AIC Ampere Interrupting Capacity
- SCA Available Short Circuit Current
- SCCR Short Circuit Current Rating
- At panel boards and switchboards AIC and SCAR are required.
  - ⇒ For SCA that exceeds AIC, let-through current of current limiting fuses is not allowed for mitigating the excess fault current. Current limiting fuses are allowed as part of a tested combination to series rate the system to mitigate the excess fault current.
- At transfer equipment, industrial control panels, elevator control panels, fire pump control panels, air conditioning and refrigeration equipment SCA and SCCR are required.
  - ⇒ For transfer equipment, industrial control panels, elevator control panels, fire pump control panels, air conditioning and refrigeration equipment current limiting fuse let-through current is acceptable to mitigate SCA that exceeds SCCR if fuse type is matched to fuse size and SCA per manufacturer's current-limitation charts.

SEE ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT SCCR AND FUSE PROTECTION DOCUMENT ON THE WEBSITE: https://www.pprbd.org/File/Resources/Downloads/CommercialHandout/Electrical%20equipment% 20SCCR%20and%20protection.pdf

Page 2 of 2 08/02/2021